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II. A Description of some Shells found on the Molucca Islands; as also an Account of Mr Sam. Brown, his Fourth Book of East India Plants, with their Names, Vertues, &c. By James Petiver, Apothecary and Fellow of the Royal Society.

He following Shells were brought me from the Molucca Islands, by my Ingenious Friends Mr Sylvanus Landon and Mr Rowleston Jacobs.

1. Tellina Moluccana densè fasciata & eleganter undata.

an. Tellina magna lutescens, tenuiter fasciata, undatim de-List. Hist. Conchyl. Tab. 402. Lib. 3. Fig. 246.

Conch lib. 3.

This Shell is near 3 inches long, and one and 4 mide, 726. 402. Fig. white about the edges mithin, and yellowish in the middle; mithout it's fasciated with capillary striæ, which are wider and deeper near the edges; cross these are many brown reticulated and undulated streaks, which it viewed with the Hing downwards, appear like the Coralline branches in a polisht Mocha-stone, one of these Valves weighed 3iiis.

Amongst Mr Stonestreet's Curious Collection of Shells, I very lately saw one of these, which was near half clouded with brown, as Dr Lister's Figure represents it.

2. Patella alba Orientalia, profundé fulcato, umbone e Ald. Toph p. levato. an. Patella 1. Aldrov. de Test. 546. Fig. id. Fran- Ald. Toph p. cof.

This differs from the Patella Cypria major striata Aldr. Test. 548. Fig. id. Franc. in being white, more transparent, and its head higher, and the whole Shell nothing near so thick or heavy. Mr Fox and Mr Cuninghame, Surficing it is it.

geons, have observed this at the Cape of Good Hope. 2. Concha Veneris Ascentionis maculata, rimà croceà. List. H. C. Tab. Concha Veneris crassa, dorso nebulato, lateribus raris ma-683. culis nigris depictis, ipsa ventris rima subcrocea List. H. Conch. Lib. 4. Sect. 9. Tab. 683. Fig. 30. Saffron-tooth'd Cowrie.

> This is a thick and heavy Shell, as big as a Pidgeons egg: on the back spotted and speckled, but on the sides spotted only; its Teeth of a Turmerick colour, its Belly white and peculiarly shap'd, with an edge as if cut: by which and its Teeth it's eafily diftinguisht from all others.

4. Concha Veneris Ascentionis, fuscà maculà utroque la Lift. H.C. Tab. tere. Concha Vene is cinerea infinitis albis puncturis exigu-691. is depicta, item ad mediam marginem utrinque latà maculà ex fusco nigricante List. H.C. 1. 4. S. 9. Tab. 691. Fig.

39. Side spotted Cowry.

This is a small Greyish Cowry, sprinkled with pale Specks, forme of which lye in cloudy spots. It's remarkable for one large one, in the middle of each fide, like a bruise or black Eye; but more especially obvious on the smooth side, the other being furrowed to the exterior edge.

5. Concha Veneris Moluccensis, parva, verrucosa, api-List. H. C. Tab. cibus slavescentibus. an Concha Veneris susca, utroque capite ex fusco flavescente, exiguis vel punctis vel tuberculis exasperata, ventre latè striato List. H. C. l. 4. S. 9. Tab. 708. Fig. 58.

> I believe these change their colour from brown to white, but they are easily distinguish by their yellowish tips and serrated belly: they are scarce so big as a Luke

Olive, and weigh not above 10 grains.

113.

6. Veneroides umbilicata, Moluccensis marmorata. List H. C. Tab. Concha Veneris umbilicata major susca sive variegata List. H. C. L. 4. S. 9. Tab. 713. Fig. 69. an Cochlea immerso turbine or Diping Snail Mus. Regal. Societ. p. 128: Tah,9. whose Figure and Magnitude it very much resembles; except that in the back it's only pounc't between the capillary veins, whereas this is marbled like the infide of a Nutmeg: this weighs somewhat more than Diiij.

7: Cylindraceus Moluccensis, luteis maculis, intùs purpurascens. an Rhombus ex susco maculatus, labro ex viola List. H. C. 7. purpurascente List. H. C. 1. 4. S. 10. Tab. 719. Fig. 3.

I have 4 of these near of a bigness, viz. an inch and i long, and 2 about, are white with yellow spots, and in some seem to be mixt with blue specks. These weigh between 2 and 3 drams.

8. Cylindroides Moluccanus major, agris & lineis ex albo aureoque eleganter interpositis. an Cochlea Cylindroi- Aldr. Test.
des altera Aldr. Test. edit. Francos. p. 135. cap. 38. Tab. 9. Francos. 135.
p. 133. id. ed. Bon. p. 399. Fig. which Figure in this Bo-Bon. 399.
nonia Edition very exactly resembles this Shell, as well in Jonst. aq. Tab.
its reticulations as in its shape and bigness. an Cochlea xii.
Cylindroides alter Jonst. Aquat. p. 39. Tab. 12. Fig. but
the Icon here has lost its netted veins. an Rhombus cy-List. H. C. Tab.
lindro pyramidali ex ruso vermiculatus sive maculis ine-790.
qualibus reticulatus. List. H. C. 1. 4. S. 10. Tab. 790. Fig.
43. Aldrovands Cloath of Gold.

This differs from that of Rondeletius de Test. p. 99. (as Aldrovandus well observes) his being no bigger than ones thumb, and flatter at the base, and not so thick as this.

9. Cylindroides Moluccanus levis, ex rufo alboque Marmoratus. an Bonan. 157. Fig. 319. Light Molucca Bon. 157. Cloath.

10.

This is marbled with Chestnut and White Clouds and Reticulations, without either strike or fiscile, is 3 inches long, and about one and \(\frac{1}{2}\) thick, yet weighs but \(\frac{5}{2}\).

10. Cylindroides Moluccanus crassius, carneus, fasciis capillaceis suscis, densè circumcinctus. Heavy Molucca Cloath.

This is flesh coloured, very thick beset with brown hairy fasciæ, from the middle of its belly rises one spiral girdle, tending upwards \(\frac{1}{4}\) inch broad, this is of the same magnitude with the last, but weighs \(\frac{3}{5}\) i. \(\frac{3}{5}\) i. \(\frac{3}{5}\) i. \(\frac{3}{5}\) is \(\frac{3}{5}\) i. \(\frac{3}{5}\) i. \(\frac{3}{5}\) heavier.

11. Rhombus Madraspat. albus, parvus, maculis, qua-FT. Att. Phil. No. drangularibus nigricantibus fasciatis Act. Phil. No. 271. p. 271. p. 859. 5. 859. 5. an List. H. C. l. 4. S. 10. Tab. 779. Fig. 25. an Bon. 27. Fig. 122. Black Diamond Stamper.

12. Pyramidalis Moluccensis ex rufo albog; mixtus. an Lift H.C. Tab. Rhombus subluteus cylindro pyramidali, lineis quibusdam punctatis & fascijs undatis depictus Lift. H. C. 1.4. 780. S. x. Tab. 780. Fig. 27. It's an inch broad at the base.

and 1 \(\frac{1}{4}\) long, weighs \(3\)vi. & \(\frac{1}{2}\)i.

13. Olivaris Moluccensis dentatus nigrescens, undis alan List. H. C. l. 4. S. 11. Tab. 827. Fig. ult. List. H. C. Tab. the bigness of a Horse bean, with a serrated purple mouth: 827. Fig. ult. weighs just gr x. or $\partial \mathcal{B}$

14. Unicornu Moluccanum, eburneum, grave, lituris ni-List. H.C. Tab. gris fasciatis. Buccinum dentatum grande bifasciatum List. H. C. l. 4. S. 11. Tab. 846. Fig. 74. Buccinum Persicum 846. Col. 7. c. 24. Fig. Bon. eburneum Maculosum alterum nitidum μακευλεπθον Col. Obs. 3-17. Bon. Fig. Aq. 56. c. 24. Fig. opt. p. 53. Turbo Bonan. 317. Fig. p. p. 157. 157. Columnas, Ivory Telescope.

> The upper twirls are large and smooth, in each of which are 2 rows of black spots, the upper small, the lower twirls feem divided betwixt these 2 rows.

Shell is very thick and heavy.

1024

16.

15. Unicornulus recurvirostrus Moluccens verrucosus.

15. an List. H. C. l. 4. S. 15. Tab. 1024. Fig. 90. Lift. H. C. Tab.

Near 1 inch long and above 4 broad at top, its lower twirls are alternately welted, it's wholly covered with Warts, but the largest are round each upper Fascia: Weighs above 315.

16. Buccinulum Moluccense oblongum, costis per longi-

tudinem fulcis capillaceis cinctis.

This is ridged from head to point, its upper twirl, which is above the Shell, has 2 whitish girths with hairy furrows, its right lip has a twisted ribs; is \frac{1}{2} inch broad and L long: Weighs near 9ii.

17. Buccinulum bilingue Moluccense sessile, castaneum fasciis albis. an Buccinum bilingue læve, tenue fasciatum, Lift. H. C. Tab. leviter compressum, ore purpurascente List. H.C. 1. 4 S. 12. 847. Tab. 847. Fig. 1. It's back Chesnut with 6 White girths. the right lip black and smooth, the left brown, striated beyond the edge, which is smooth and white, on this side are 2 finuses, or notches at top, and one below.

18. Buccinum bilingue Moluccense nodosum.

This is very like the next, but somewhat broader and flatter, and is chiefly distinguisht in having 3 prominences towards the point of the Shell, and has no circles on the back, as the other hath.

19. Buccinum bilingue Moluccense nodosum & fascia-19. tum digito productiore. Buccinum bilingue ex rufo varie-Lift. H.G. Tab. gatum, ore interno subcroceo profundè striatum, murica-871.

tum List. H. C. l. 4. S. 12. Tab. 871. Fig. 26.

These are generally about the bigness of a Hens E_{gg} , are girdled over the back, and knobbed, especially the middle circle; the infide is tinged with a Saffron colour; it's double tongued, and particularly distinguished by a finger-like point below.

20. Aporrhais Orientalis heptadactylon. Aristotle's A-

porrhais. Rond. ag. 79. Aporrhais Rondelet. aquatil. 79. Fig. id. Gallic. 51. c. 6. id. Gall. c. 6.

Aporrhais Aristoteles Aldrov. Test. 342. descript. Fig. in- Test. Franc. terna & ext. 343. & 4. id. Francof. 118. desc. Stachel Schnec 7ab. 6. Fig. 18. Tab. 6. Fig. 18 & 19. p. 117. These Figures and Descri-157, Fig. 12. ption agree very well with this Shell. Johnston in his Hi-Lift. H.C Tab. stor. Natural. Exang. Aquat. Amst. Tab. xi. has transposed this, and figured it under the Title of Murex Coracoides, and the Aporrhais under it. Bonan 157. Fig. 12 & 13.

Buccinum bilingue maximum, leve, ore purpurascente, List. H. C. Tal. labro multi digitato List. H. C.I. 4.S. 12. Tab. 866. Fig. 21. & Tab. 867. Fig. 22. which last Figure exactly resembles the belly of this Shell, whose inside has a Phyllamort cast.

18.

and in some streakt with white, it's marked on the back with Chesnut clouds, and is distinguisht from all others, in having 7 extended spikes, viz. one at each end, and 5 along the side.

Mr Edward Bulkley sent me some time since a very fair

one of this kind from Fort St George.

21. Murex Moluccensis Castaneus, lineis Capillaceis interne
Bon. 153. Fig. & externe ornatus. Murex duplici fasciola in spiram con287. List. H.C. torta a basi ad mucronem vittatus Bonan. 153. Fig. 287.

Buccinum rostratum duplicibus lineolis subsuscis circundatum inter sinus nodosum List. H. C. l. 4. S. 14. Tab. 931.

Fig. 26.

Outside. It's

Inside.

Weight.

Character.

It's outside brown, girdled with double lines; of an inch asunder, these pairs stand but very little closer then the spaces between; the middle of each twirl is knobbed, particularly the 4 uppermost; its inside is thick set with brown capillary lines at equal distances, having about 8 in 1 an inch, these are carried out of sight; by its double lines and knobs without, and streaks within, it's easily di-

Ainguisht from all others of this kind.

22. Buccinum Neritodes Benghalense perelegans Marmo-List. H. C. Tab. reum. Buccinum brevirostrum, labrosum, costis latis pli992. Bon. 135. cost. catilibus & acutis distinctum List. H. C. I. 4. S. 15. Tab. 992.
89. p. 69. Fig. Fig. 55. Bonan. 135. Fig. 185. Concha Neutoses altera
minor variegata Col. Obs. aq. c. 36. p. 70. desc. Fig. 69.
Fair-wing.

This is a very beautiful Shell, and may be easier known by the aforesaid Authors Figures of it, than can be de-

scribed by words.

23. Buccinulum Moluccense labrosum dorso gibboso an Buccinum brevi rostrum columella callosa, undatis striis leviter distinctum e ruso sasciatum List. H. C. l, 4. S. 15. Tab. 971. Fig. 26. The Molucca Hunchekin.

These weigh commonly about 10 grains, yet I have one heavier than a scruple.

24. Bursa Moluccana labro spinoso.

24.

Turbo auritus cum labris duplici dentium ordine munitis Bon. 130. Fig. Bonan. 130. Fig. 152. Buccinum recurvirostrum tenue, ven-152. Lift. H. C. tre strictiore undatum List. H. C. 1. 4. S. 15. Tab. 1015. Fig. 73.

Bonani his Figure and Dr Lister's, pretty well resemble this Shell; and what is peculiar in it, are its serræ or spines in the upper part of the left lip; which the Icon takes no-

tice of, and in our Shell are four.

Mr Samuel Brown his 4th Book of East-India Plants.

Gathered from the first to the sourth of April, 1696. at Perre-pollum and Eremita-pollum, 12 or 14 miles from Fort St George. Ground sandy. Clay reddish. Pretty Plain.

138. Maula poo Malab.

138:

138:

Otodendron Madraspat. folio longiore pubescente Mus. Mass. Petivo.

Petiver. 656. an Mallam-Toddali Malab. Chori-bori 656.

Brach. Tarilla d'agoa Lust. Narren-pluymen Belg. Hort. Tab. 40. p. 83.

Malab. Vol. 4. Tab. 40. p. 83, an Baccifera Indica racemo. Ray H. Pl.

1597. 6. 28.

fa, florum staminulis binis acinis monopyrenis, fructu um. Zan. 25.

bilicato Ray Hist. Plant. 1597. cap. 28. an Dudhali Za
200. 25.

The Leaves and Flowers are hoary, and agree with the Figure in the Hort. Malab. Its Fruit (stands in its Flower-busk) somewhat bigger than a Pea, rough and hairy, depress at the top, with a small point in the center; it has a tendency to 4 sulcas or surrows, each containing one

Kernel.

Grows 3 or 4 foot high. The Natives who have pains in the head and in all their bones, fume with the Powder of this whole Plant, put on live Coals and pretty well covered, which produces plentiful Sweats, and does much good. S.B.

139.

139. Arbor Eremitana Lauro-Cerasi folio. Sumtra-poonee Malab.

The Leaves are thick and very like our Laurel, but some rounder, they grow on short footstalks, which are ribb'd as the twigs, at the setting on of these Leaves come forth small clusters of little Flowers, with scarce any sootstalks, which are tollowed by a fruit I have not yet examined because unripe, yet some of them are bigger than a Cherry, adhering to a foliaceous calyx like the seed of our Elm, but much less.

Grows 6 or 8 foot high, thick as ones wrist. A Decoction of the Leaves are Carminative and expel Wind. S. B.

140.

140. Rette pe marette Malab.

Perexil Gangetic. Oleastri folio, spica Panicea.

Pluk. Tab. 10. Amaranthus albus Gangeticus Salviæ angustis folijs, panicula conglomerata Pluk. Tab. 10. Fig. 1. an Amaranthus Breyn. pr. 2 p. Alopecuroides Indieus frutescens, lanuginosus, folijs Salviæ angustioribus & longioribus Breyn. Prod. 2.

These Leaves resemble the Wild Olive, the Spike white and soft, otherwise very like the Gramen Panicecum spica divisa 1. C. B. 8. Dr Sherard, that accurate Botanist, assures me, this is not the Salvia Amaranthoses M. Nutii Fascic. Herb. 60. as Dr Pluknet supposes.

Is about 3 foot high; the Natives put this in a Cloath between two unglazed Pots to boyl: So that the fume of the Water in the undermost may moisten the Herb, which they press out, and give 2 spoonfuls of it warm for Cough and Astma. S. B.

141. Cammal-Maraum. Malab.

141.

Arbor Eremitana, Ponnæ minore crassioreque folio. The Leaves are thick and stiff, the middle rib is furrowed on the upper side, and much raised on the under, ends blunt, and is often cleft; these stand on very short footstalks, are thick set, and grow inordinately; from the bosom of these Leaves grow clusters of small hexapetalous Flowers like those of Laurustinus, each standing on a inch footstalk, which seems rather the pipe of the Flower.

Is about 28 foot high, and above a foot diameter; the Root and Bark in powder given to those who are hoarse with great Colds is a good Medicine. S. B.

142. Nella watta chedde Malab.

Vomica Nux Eremitana, folio angustiore, fructu minore H. Malab. v. 7. globoso. an Scheru Kata valli Carinam Malab. Davo Caro T. 5. p. 9. Bram wild Klimmond Kraagnoog Belg. Hort. Malab. Vol. Breyn pr. 2. 7. Tab. 5. p. 9. an Solanum arboresens Indicum foliis Na-preyar p. 93. 2. pecæ minoribus, fructu rotundo duro & semine orbiculari H. Mal. 250.16 compresso minoribus Breyn. pr. 2.

The Leaves of this differ from S. B. 28. in being smaller, narrower and sharp-pointed, the Fruit rounder and

much less, not exceeding a Hazel-nut.

Is about 7 or 8 foot high, and as thick as ones wrist, the Powder or Decoction of the Root, Bark and Leaves cures Hecticks and other Feavers, also Consumption, Cough and Astma. S. B.

143. Alle-poo Malab.

Nymphea Eremitana minor.

an Cit. ambel. Malab. Casturi Camalla Bram. H. Mal. Tab. 27. P. 53. V. xi. Tab. 27. p. 53. an Nymphea Malabarica minor folio serrato Comel. in H. Malab. p. 53.

This is very like our White Water-Lilly of the Shops. but less both in Leaf and Flower. I wonder how Dr Plukenet could be so egregiously mistaken as to refer this to the Nedel Ambel of the Hort. Malab. V.xi. Tab. 28. p. 55. it be-H. Mal. V.xi. ing valily different, and he knowing it to be another Plant. Tab. 18. p. 55.

The

The Natives here give the Root and Flower for the running of the Reins and to correct Choler, and they fay 'tis cooling and retreshing. S. B.

144. Cooltee yella Malab.

144. Sagittaria Malabarica major folio obtufo pubescente. H. Mal. V. xi. Sagitta Indica major folio obtuso, floribus minoribus albicanti-Tab. 45. p 93. Pluk. Tab. 220. bus Comel in H. Malab. p. 94. Culi Tamara Malab. Hort. Mal. V. xi. Tab 45. p. 93. Sagittariæ folijs planta, glomerato fructu Fig. 7. Alm. Bot. 325. monopyrene, Coriandri fere figura Pluk. Tab. 220. Fig. 7. Alm. Bot. 326. 8. Ad Phil. No 244 p. 331. Fig. 39.

> Grows in the Water; this cures the Itch or Scab, by applying the Leaves ground to pulp, and washing with a Decoction of the There are many species of this, I have taken notice of about 10 forts, but they are very hard to preferve, fo that I cannot

fend them now. S. B.

S. B. 1442.

* 144. Caut Wallee Malab.

* 144. Waga Madraspatana Senæ foliis siliqua lata compressa, ubi seminibus inflata Mus. Petiver. 697. an Waga Malab. Sigi Bram. Mus. Petiv. Favas do Lagaro Lust. Melshauwen Belg. Hort. Malab. Vol. 6. 697. H. Mal. V. 6: Tab. 5. p. 9. an Acacia Malab. altera spinis carens Comel. in H. Tab. 5. p. 9. Mal. v. 6. p. 9. an Arbor. Indica filiquofa, flore tetrapetato stel-Ray H. Pl. lato, filiquis bipalmaribus planis Ray H. Pl. 1766. c. 13. 1766 . c. 13.

Grows 30 or 35 foot high, and a foot and thick: A Decoclion of the Bark cures the Tooth-ach by washing the Mouth with it: the Kernels ground with Lime juice and put in the Eye. cures

pains in the Head, Lethargy, &c. S. B.

145. 145. Poppoi-chedde Malab. Papaia fæmina. Pl. Jain. 202. Papaya major, flore & fructu majoribus, pediculis curtis infi-Hern. 99. dentibus Plant. Jam. 202. Papaya Hernand. 99. Papaia Zan. 18 Zan. 18 and & 27. Laet. 1. 17. c. 23. Papaja maram Malab. Papaja Bram. H. 27. Laet. 1. 17. Malab. Vol. 1. Tab. 15. p. 28. Arbor Melonifera Bontii 96. Fig. cap 28. Pino Guacu fœmina Pis. ed. 2. 159. Fig. Mamaoeira fœmina H. Mal. V. I. Tab. 15. p. 23. Marcgr. 103. Fig. Mamoera femina Ger. emac. 1609. Park. 16.49. Bont. 96. Fig. Fig. Ficus Nigritarum Park. 1632. marg. Ludg. 1482. Fig. Arbor Pif. ed. 2. p. Cucurbitifera, Ficus Nigritarum IB. V. 1. p. 111. Fig. id. prodr. 3. Marc. 103. Fig. c. 44. Chabr. 6. Fig. 3. Papaie Peruvianis IB. V. 1. p. 147. id. prodr. 159. Fig. 4. cap. 69. Raij H. Pl. 1370. 2. Gerem. 1609. Arbor Platani folio, fructu Peponis magnitudine eduli CB. 421. Park. 1632.

Ludg. 1842. Arbor fructu Melonis forma, pugni magnitudine CB. 434. 12. Park. 1649, Ficuum specie fructus Peruanus CB. 457. 4. Ficus similis arbor IB, V. I. 147. fructu oblongo CB. 457. 5. Papaya fructu Melopeponis effigie -- prodr. 4.

Dr

Plum. Inst. Rei Herb. 659. The Female Papaw.

Dr Sherard gave me this day, viz. Novemb. 5. 1701. a very 18. V. 1. 111. well preserved Flower of this Tree, which he gathered this Sum. id. pr. 3. mer in her Grace the Dutchess of Beaufort's Gardens at Badmin. Ray H.Pl. ton. In colour, shape and magnitude it exactly resembles Pole. GB. 431. 4344 monium Monspeliense, or yellow fasmin, and is very well ex-12. 457.5 press in the 15th Table of the Hort. Maiab. on the right hand, to Jack. R. H. wards the bottom of the Plate.

146. Tande maraum Malab.

146.

Mandsjadi Malab. Glycyrrhiza folio sem. coccineis.

Arbor filiquofa Indica fiore spicato pentapetalo, filiquis longis nodosis, subis coccineis Ray H. Pl. 1752. cap 16. Crista Pavonis Glycyrrhiza folio maxima Indica, flore subluteo minimo spicato, filiquis angustis longissimis, ubi semina occultantur protuberantibus, sem. orbiculato compresso sanguineo Breyn. Pr. 2. 38. Phaseolus alatus arboreus Indica fructu coccineo H. Lugd. Bat. 495. Phaseolus alatus arbor Indica fructu coccineo fere orbiculari medio utrinque tumido Alm. Bot. 294.

Mandsjadi Malab. Gunsii & Gonsii Bram. Mangelins Lusit. Manjelyns vel Weegbonen Belg. H. Malab. Vol. 6. Tab. 14. p. 25. Mandhathya seu Mara Mus. Zeylan. H. Lugd. Bat. 495. Mangili

Cingalens: Alm. Bot. 295. The Scarlet Abrus.

Grows about 30 foot high, and 10 or 12 inches diameter; the Natives put the Leaves into hot Oyl to make them plyable, and lay them to Rheumatick pains and Pleurifies. S. B.

147. Neer caddumba Malab.

Samstravadi Malab. Hippocastanei foliis vix serratis.

147.

Fambos sylvestris Samstravadi dictus major Ray H. Pl. 1480. 4. Tsieria Samstravadi Malab. Gove sada pali Bram. Rosairo brava Lusit. Beedelsnoeren Belg. Hort. Malab. V. 4. Tab. 6. p. 15. Flor.

Malab. 141. 8.

Dr Plukenet hath given us this 3 times over, viz. First, under the Name of Arbor Orientalis digitatis Samounæ foliis ferratis, 5. 6. 166.6. Since which, in his correct Mantissa, he gives it you again as altogether new, under this title, Nucipomifera arbor Orientalis Castaneæ equinæ foliis fructu, longo, corticoso, crasso, tetragono, summo apice (Pomis in modum) umbilicato, nacieum nudum angulosum includente Alm. Botan. 266.
6. Since which, in his correct Mantissa, he gives it you again as altogether new, under this title, Nucipomisera arbor soliis densionibus subtus argenteis, storibus in prelongam spicam dispositis fructu tetragono. Mantiss. Alm. Bot. 137. 2.

Kkkkkk 2

Grows

(938)

Grows 6 or 8 foot high, thick as ones wrift. A Decoction of the Plant drank cures the running of the Reins and making much Urine. S. B.

148. Valanga Malab.

Limo Eremitana fere hexaphylla, caule alato. Ray. H. Pl. 1658.3. an Malus Limonia Indica fructu pufillo Ray H. Pl. 1658. 3. Malab P. Tsjerou-Katou-Naregam Malab. Citt-rana nimba Brach. Limoins 168, 2, da folha Cruzado Lusit. Claver-appelkens Belg. Hort. Malab. V. 4.

Tab. 14 p. 31. Flor. Malab. 168. 2.

148.

149. Pluk. Tab.

245. p. 2.

Pluk. Tab.

\$45. f. 3.

Plant. Jam.

Ray H. Pl.

1765.0 10.

Flor. Mal p.

1.24. 3.

97.8.

Grows between 30 and 40 foot high, and about a root and $\frac{1}{2}$ diameter: A Decoction of the Root and Bark is cooling, good in Cholerick differences, it also cures the running of the Reins. The Fruit, when ripe, is as big as a large Apple, and full of sowrish Winey pulp (which is good in Fluxes) with white foft feeds as big as a great pins head. This Fruit, in shape, colour and bigness resembles the Cydonia Indica, which tastes like Gum Arabick: Two handfuls of the Leaves boyl'd in water to about 4 ounces, will give 6 or 7 stools, and not gripe in the least. These Leaves foon fpoyl, otherwise they would (being aromatick) much exceed Senna. S. B.

149. Coodee wengee Malab.

Helitleres India utriusque Coryli tolio.

Helicteres arbor India Orientalis filiqua varicosa & funiculi in modum contortuplicata Pluk. Tab. 245. Fig. 2. an Helicteres arbor Indiæ Occidentalis fructu majore, Famaicensibus nostratibus Button-wood dicta Pluk. Tab. 245. 1. 3. Abutilo affinis, arbor, Althex folio cujus fructus est styli apex auctus, 4 vel 5 siliquis hirsutis, sunis ad instar in spiram convolutis constans Plant. Jam. 97. H Mal. V. 6. 8. Frutex Indicus fructu a styli apice egresso, sextuplici funiculo 246. 30. p. 55. in spiram convoluto constante Ray H. Pl. 1765. cap. x. murri Malab Tannini Brach. Pao de chanco Lustr. Schroefboonen Belg H Mal. Vol. 6. Tab. 30. p. 55. Flor. Malab. p. 124. 3. Igera-murri Zan. 26.

> Is 6 or 8 foot high, and thick as ones arm: A Decoction of the Leaves, Flowers, and Fruit cures Hectic and all continual Fevers: And a Drink of the Root and Bark is good for Coughs and Con-

fumptions, S. B. 150. Erca-chedde Malab.

Iço. Apocynum Malabar. latifol. incanum flore albo. Apocynm e-Par. Bat. 29. H. Mal. V. 2. rectum incanum latifol. Malabaricum floribus omnno albis Par-Tab. 31. p. 56. Bat. 29. Bel Ericu Malab. Davi Roey Belg. Hort. Malab. Vol. 2 Flor. Mal. p. Tab. 31. p. 56. Flor. Malab. p. 20. 4. Apo-4. 4.

Apocynum Malab. incanura laitfol. flore rubente. Apocynum e-rectum incanum latifol. Malabar. floribus ex albo suave purpuras-centibus Par. Bat. 28. Apocynum latifol. Ægyptiacum incanum e-Par. Bat. 28. rectum floribus magnis pallide violaceis P. B. pr. Waraghaha H. Mal. V. 2. Zeyl. Enicu Malab. Roey Bram. Hort. Malab. Vol. 2. Tab. 31. p. 7ab. 31. p. 53. 53. Flor. Malab. p. 18. 8. an Apocynum erectum majus latifolium Indicum flore concavo amplo carneo suave purpurascente Breyn. Pr. 2. 14.

It is about 4 foot high, and generally confifts of small branches, this is white, but here is another species of the same name which is more reddish, distering in nothing else; they both when broken yield a Milk, which dry is hot as Euphorbium, and like it in colour. The Bark of its Roat chewed and held to the aking Tooth cures it. The Leaf and Flowers made into a Poultise, and put to Cods swelled (by stopping a Gonorrhea too soon) takes it away, as also the pain, tho never so violent. The Leaves spread on a Cloath, and hot Sand powred on them, and the Cloath tyed, so that the heat of the Sand may penetrate the Leaves, and applied to any cold pain, renewing them as they cool, eases pains to a Miracle: the same also eases the Gout, as I have tryed. S. B.

151. Ponelle-chedde Malab.

IÇI.

Acacia Benghalensis Bonduch folio siliquis dorso nervosis. Mus. Mus. Mus. Petiv. 601.

This is a very beautiful Climer, extending very far, and thick in branches. A Decoction of the whole Plant cures all forts of Intermitting Fevers: The Leaves and Branches boyl'd in Water-Grewel or Broath cleanses the blood in the said Fevers of the Morbisck humour, and creates an Appetite. S. B.

Areca seu Fausel Indiæ Orientalis, Palma cujus fructus sessilis Fausel & B. 510 Ai. dicitur CB. 510. xi. Palma Arecisera nucleo versicolori Nuci Mos. P. B. 710 Ai. chatæ simili P. B. pr. 361. Nux Fausel seu Pinang Malaiis Bont. Eart. 90 Fig. 90. Fig. Ray H. Pl. 1363. 18. Dale Pb. 386. 2. Areca vel Fausel Ray H. Pl. 1363. 18. sive Avellana Indiana versicolor Park. 1643. Fig. Caunga Malab. Pluk. Tab. 307. Madi Bram. Hort. Malab. V. 1. Tab. 5, 6, 7, 8. p. 9. The Fausel, by Fig. 4. some Betle nut, because used with that Leaf, and Drunken Nut. Dale 386. 2. megg, from its intoxicating quality in such as are not accustomed Park. 1643. to it.

Rifes 30, fometimes 40 foot high, generally 6 or 7 inches diameter: It feems to be jointed almost like a Fishing-Cane, which Joints are generally about 4 inches distant. The Leaves grow on-

Iy at the top; the Fruit on a Branch which grows out of the Tree near the top: The Natives here do not use the Tree nor Leaves in Physick, but they make a very pleasant Purge or Laxative Medicine, by boyling the Root, Fruit and Flower in Water, giving 3 or 4 ounces of it to an ordinary man, it purges Choler and expels Wind: Garcias says the distilled Water of the Fruit was his Panacea in Cholerick Fluxes, but here 'tis of no use against them. S. B.

153. Vailumbash Malah.

Hippuris aquatica Orientalis polyspermos.

This is a Water Plant, the Stalk is big as a Straw, and rifes 3 or 4 foot bigh: but is not used by the Natives for Physick. S.B.

154. Cariwaopullee Malab.

153. Æleagnus Eremitana Vaccinia nigra fol. perforato.

It is about 4 or 5 foot high, all in branches, about a finger, and fomenimes 2 fingers thick; 'tis good to correct Choler, and stop Vomiting and Looseness, by taking a Cup night and morning of the Decoction of its Leaves and Tendrels; the Natives use it very much in their Carries, (Sawces or Pickles.) The Berries are something warm and aromatick, so are the Leaves. S.B.

155. Calapeecalunga Malab.

H. Ludg. Bat. Methonica Malabarorum. Niengala Zeylonensium. Lilium Zey689. Fig. Pluk. lanicum superbum vulgo H. Lugd. Bat. 689. Fig. Pluk. Tab. 116.
Tab. 116. Fig. 3. Fig. 3. Lilium Zeylanic. superbum, rad tuberosa storum petalis
H. Mal.V.7. coccineis simbriatim reflexis Hort. Eosian. Mendoni Malab. Artis
H. Amst. V. 1. Bram. Raiz d'empose Lust. Croes-steen Belg. H. Malab. V. 7. Tab.
p. 69. Fig. 35. 57. p. 107. Lilium Zeylanicum superbum Hort. Amst. V. 1. p.
69. Fig. 35. This grows in dry ground about 2 or 3 foot high,
the Root is about a finger thick and a span long, is a rank Poyson
inwardly taken, as the Natives say; but they grind it in water,
and put it on pained or swelled Joynts. S. B.

156. Malle cungee Malab.

H. Mal. V. 5. Panel Eremitana Lauri folio venoso.

S. B. 97.

Tab. 16. p. 31. an Therou Panel feu Baala paleti Malab. Apacaro Bram. Clyn Flor. Mal. p. Heylwortel Belg. H. Malab. V. 5. Tab. 16. p. 31. Flor. Malab. p. 122. I. Frutex Indicas baccifer hexapetalos fructurotundo Mono-1594. c. 19. 1. pyreno nigro Ray H. Pl. 1594. cap. 19. 1.

This is a species of Cadal-Cungee S. B. 97. is about 4 or 5 foot high; it stops the too great flux of Urine, cures Diabetes and

Gonorrhea. This is not so effectual as N. 97 S.B.

157. Poula-mullee Malab.

Manja-pu Malabarica flore odoratissimo fugaci.

Dr Plukenet very erroneously ranks this Tree amongst the Sun Pluk. Flowers, calling it Chrysanthemum Orellanæ soliis impense scalus bris, Maderaspatanum, storum petalis quinis, tetragonis ex caluce amplo viridi fistulosis Pluk. Tab. 83. Fig. H.Ox. Sect. 6. p. 24.78. desc. if Dr Plukenet has the Arbor tristis Myrto similis CB. 496. as he pretends, (as also to give a Cut of it in his 262 Table, Fig. 3. which we cannot there find) he would oblige the world to let us know wherein it differs from his Chrysanthemum above; which I take to be the Manja pu maram Hort. Malab. V. 1. Tab. 21. p. 35. Pariatacu Bram. Ray H.Pl. 1698. cap. x.

Grows 6 or 8 foot high, thick as ones arm; the Bark and Roct cures Confumptions, Cough and Astma, by drinking the Decoction: The Flower is very odorous, but hard to get, falling off the Tree at day-break and soon shrivels and dissolves. This, I think, is the Arbor Tristis. The Flower is very cordial and fragram. S. B. 90. There are 2 others which may be referr'd to this, viz. S. B. 90. S. B. 125. both these fall off the Tree in the morning, the last is very sweet, the other is smaller and not so sweet. S. B.

158. Yellenda maraum Malab.

1;8:

Jujuba Madraspat. spinosa, foliis subtus ferrugineis.

an Jujuba Indica CB. 446. 4. an Malus Maluccensis nonnihil spi-c B. 446. 4.

nosa CB. 433. 1. an Pruno similis, foliis Laccam ferens CB. 444. C. B. 433. 1.

12. an Jujuba Indica rotundisolia spinosa, foliis majoribus C. B. 444. 12.

subtus lanuginosis & incanis Breyn. pr. 2. 6c. an Perin Toddali H. Mal. V. 4.

Malab. Bori Bram. Tarilla Lusit. Doorn-Kerssen Belg. H. Mal. V. Flor. Mal. p.

4. Tab. 41. p. 85. Flor. Mal. p. 149. 2. Ray H. Pl. 1535. 5.

149. 2:

This is the Tree on which it's supposed the Ants work the Ray H. Pl. Lack. Grows 28 or 30 foot high, and 8 or 10 inches diameter: 1535.5.

This is the true Masanas, the other S. B. 64. is the wild Ber and S. B. 64.

Bor Acosta Park. 1636. cap. 102. A Decostion of the Root, Bark Park. 1636. and Leaves cures the Gripes and all Fluxes; the Fruit also (which S. B. 158. is bigger than SB. 64.) is binding. S. B.

159. Collar-yellendee Malab.

159:

Jujuba Eremitana spinosa, folio maximo rigido.

an Frutex Bisnagaricus spinosus, Coryli foliis densis, spinis bre-Pluk. Tab. 297.
vioribus crassis Pluk. Tab. 29. 7.

This is a species of Masanas or Ber, but is the least fort, being a low shrub; all the 3 forts have prickles; the Leaves of this s. B. 158. stop Urine, is good also for the same as S B 64 & SB 158 are. S. B. 159. The Natives ear this with beaten Rice, S. B.

157.

160. Code maoca taree Malab. I fo. Muss Petiv. 631. Cocciffera Madraspat. Capparidis facie spinosa, fructu umbella

modo nascente Mus. Petio 631. S. B. 160.

S. B. 161. 1.

Ray H Ft.

I602. 10.

598. I.

El. Bot. 470. Infl. R. H.

H. Mal. V. 6.

P 93. F. 53.

El. Mal. p.

Ray H Pl.

El. Bot. 471.

1602 Xi.

Inft. R. H. 598 3.

144. 3. S. B. 161, 2.

This Climer is a species of Mooca taree S. B. 16. A Decoction of this cures Infants of Scald heads and Scabby Itch: which the Natives call Carpaun: but those of 3 or 4 years old must bruise and apply it outwardly, S. B.

161. Pecalah Malab.

161. These seem 2 Plants, but both are good for the same use, and are both Climers; the Decottion or Powder of either of these cures Pox, Biscoes, Lich, Scabs, &c. taken daily for 15 or 20 days: It is a little laxative. S. B.

The first we shall thus distinguish, viz.

Jasminum Eremitanum polypetalon, Pervinca folio. an Jasminum Indicum stor. polypetalo candido, oris rusescentibus Ray H. Pl. 1602. 10. an Jasminum Indicum angustifolium fructu gemino El. Ect. 470. Inst. R. H. 598. 1. an Catu Pitsjegam mulla Malab. Nara Sai Bram. Jasmin do mato Lusit. Wilde Jasmin Belg. H. Malab. V. 6. Tab. 53. p. 93. Flor. Malab. p. 144. 3.

The other I find under the Malabar name of Coole-woola-checa.

Jasminum Eremitanum polypetalon Myrti fol. acuto.

an Jasminum Indicum store polypetalo candidissimo, fructu majore Ray H. Pl. 1602. 11. an Jasminum Indicum latifolium monococcon El. Bot. 471. Inst. R. H. 598. 3. an Katu Tsiiregam mulla Malab. Saio Bram. Mogara da ferra Lusit. Berg Mogari Belg. H. Mal. V. 6. F. 54. p. 95. Flor. Malab. p. 145. 1.

H. Mal. V. 6. If I'r Plukenet be not fond of pretending to more Plants than f. 54. p. 95.

he can shew, he can easily clear these doubts, having in his Al-For. Mal. p. mag. Bet. p. 195, 6, 7. this and the last supposed ones, with most 145. 1. S. B. 161. 2. of the other Justinis in the Hert. Malab.

Alm. Bot.

162. Surnavul Malab.

196. 7. Laurus tinus Madraspat. tritoliatus Mus. Petiv. 259. & S. B. 18. 162.

Ad. Phil. N. 264. p. 586. 18. Mul.Petro.259.

Is about 6 or 8 foot high, and thick as ones Arm. A Decocli-S. B. 18. on of the Root and Bark of this cures Pocky Rheumatick pains, it S. B. 162. A3. Pb. p. alfo diffolves Nodes, &c. S. B. 586. 18.3

With the sa ne Account, and under the same Name, I have also teceived it from Mr Edward Bulkley at Fort St George, and is the

S. B. 18. fame with S. B. 18. this being in Fruit and that in Flower.

163. Alaternus Eremitana Ilicis folio. 162. The Label to this is lost. But Mr Edward Bulkley hath lately 8. B. 163. fent. fent it me under the Malabar name of Veera Maraum, who gathered it in the month of April in Berry.

164. Paring chekka Malab. T 642 Senecio Madraspatana Rapi folio, floribus maximis, cujus radix Mus. Pet. 680.

a nonnullis China dicitur Mus. Petiv. 680.

This we call here *China root*, but is very different from what Mr Petiver.

* you described with prickles. This cured one Mr *Ingram* of a Consumption, who had linger'd many years, at the New Fort. 'Tis 2 foot high: The Root just like China-root: When I have more Experience of it you shall hear farther. S. B. S. B. 164.

165. Todallee Malab.

Lycium Eremitanum Buxi foliis obtusis.

165.

Is 6 or 8 foot high, thick as ones wrift. A spoonful or 2 of the Decoction of the Root and Bark given to Infants cures the Itch and Scab, and what we call the Carpaung: the Fruit is pleasant S. B. 62. and eatable. S. B. This differs from S. B. 62. in having thinner obtuse Leaves, and grow not exactly opposite. These Berries come from the bosom of the Leaves, the other at the ends or di-S. B. 165. visions of the branches only.

166. Marloo mattee Malab.

Is a foot or 1 ½ high: The Natives use it to procure Love, and mixing it with other things, make a fort of Philter: but I do not believe it has any fuch power. It has when fresh a pleasing finell, and stops Fluxes. S. B. S. B. 166.

This, as I have already hinted (in my Herb. Unaneerc. in the H. Un. II. Philosoph. Transact. No 224. p. 318. 11.) seems nothing different 224. p. 318. 11.)

from our Xanthium, or Lesser Burdock.

167. Chedde meel cheddee Malab.

Kanni-Viscum Eremitanum floribus spicatis.

167.

166:

Is a fort of Polypodium: 'twas gathered from a finall thorny Tree, bearing a small red Fruit, which is sweet and eatable. The Natives fay, if every morning any person takes half a Pagoda, that is, 3B. of the powder of it, 'twill prevent all diffempers, H. Mal. V. 19. and prolong youth: Taken night and morning cures Leprofies, it F. 4. F. 7. purges gently. S. B.

an Belutta itti Canni Hort. Malab. V. 10. p. 7. Tab. 4. sub no-s. B. 167.

mine Valli itti Canni.

168. Va fumboo Malab.

Calamus Aromaticus Orientalis folio & radice tenuiore.

168.

Acorus verus five Calamus aromaticus Afiaticus radice tenuiore, H. Lugd. Bat. 9. Calamus Aromaticus Garz. 1. 1. c. 22. LIIIII

Va

Garz. I. 1.0.22. Va embu Malab. Bembi Bram. H. Malab. V. xi. F. 48. p. 99. Va. H. Mal. V. xi. 70bu 81 Varambo Zavl

H. Mal. V. xi. zabu & Vazambo Zeyl.

This is our Calamus Aromaticus: The Natives here use it for many Distempers, it helps Digestion, stops Vomiting and Looseness, procures Womens purgations, is Diuretick, &c. S. B.

169. Carututee Malab.

Prunifera Tercucheana folio Vitis, subrus lanoso.

Is 6 or 8 foot high, and thick as ones arm: This I gathered on a Mountain 20 mile from Madrass, call'd Tercucheanum, on which is a Pagoda, the Bramins of which have taught 2 strange. White Birds to come every day at noon to eat, which having done, they wash in Water in the cliff of the Rock, and so siy away again; by this Artisce they get much Money, making the superstitious believe their Fables, &c.

A Decoction of the *Root*, *Bark* and *Fruit*, cures Gripes, Fluxes and Gonorrhea. The *Leaves* of no use. S.B.

170. Cacian-cheddee Malab.

Mus. Petiv. 38. Baccifera Madraspat. Visci arborei foliis latioribus Muss. Petiv. 38. 8. B. 59. an Kanelli itti Canni Malab. Davim-pala Bram. H. Mal. V. 10. F. 5 p. 9. which if the same, it's said to grow in Rocky

Tab. 5. P. 9, places on a Tree call'd Kasjam or Kanelli.

The Leaves help to make a red dye or colour, the Root boyl'd is good for a Cough; the Flowers are of a pure blue, almost purple; it's as thick as one's arm, and grows 6 or 7 foot high. S.B.

172. Ea-cheddee Malab.

Waga Eremitana spinosa, Mimosæ foliis subtus incanis.

A fort of *Bramble*, which if it gets into any place foreads much, and is hard to be rooted out; the *Natives* moisten these *Leaves* with Water and press out the Juice; which because 'tis very bitter, they mix some Sugar with it, and give it for pains in the Back, which it seldom fails to cure: The *Flower* is fragrant when fresh. S. B.

S. B. 171.

173. Cammala Malab. Lycium Eremitanum spinis foliaceis Sesami flore.

Grows 5 or 6 foot high, and almost as thick as ones wrist. The Root of this, and Bark beaten with Rice and eaten, cures pains in the Back and Rheumatism. S. B.

N. B. 173.

174. Caunum pulee Malab.

Perevil Franctica Parietaria folio paniculis

Perexil Eremitan. Parietariæ folio, paniculis specios.

This trails on the ground, but here is another Species, called Pula-

Pula-cheddee, which rifes a foot or 2 high, a Decoction of both which and Borax cures stoppage of Urine. S. B. S. B 174. 175. Ardanapalle Malab. H. Unaneerc. 29. Att. P. N. 244. 175. Aristolochia Unaneeroondaca, vulgaris facie. H. Un. 29. How much this differs from our kinds I cannot yet distinguish, S. B. 175 Alt P. Nada It's a Species of the Stringy rooted. The Natives grind the whole Plant, and apply it to the Belly P. 327, 29. 1. to expel Worms; other use they know not: the Moors give it their Horses to eat to fatten them, which I have seen; but the Malabars think it to be Poyson, because the Goats eat it not. S.B. S. B. 175. 176. Poonaree Pillee Malab. 1700 Cyperi facie Eremitana planta, foliis pubescentibus capitulis fquarrofis. Is not used in Physick. S. B. 177. Naiwallee Malab. 177. Sinapistrum Eremitanum pentaphyllum minus hirsutum. The Decoction expels Wind, the Juice cures pains in the Ears; 'tis faid by the *Natives* to be very hor. S.B. S B, 177. 178. Suree-cheddee Malab. ¥78. Toddali spinosus Madraspar, medio nervo ex altera parte folii Mus. Petivo. percurrente Mus. Petiver. 689. A low prickley Plant about 2 foot high; the Berries of this the Crows do not eat, therefore the Natives think them Poyson, but the powder of the whole Plant (them excepted) they give sis for Apoplexies, Palfy, Epilepsie and Convulsion, which cures to a s. B. 179. Miracle. S. B. 179. Waapa maraum. Malab. 1795 Azedarach Malabarica Fraxini tenuiore folio. Azadirachta Indica foliis Fraxini five non ramosis majoribus flore minore albo Breyn. pr. 2. p. 21. 3. Arbor Azadirachta Indica Breyn. pr. 2. foliis Fraxini five non ramofis flore minose Breyn. pr. 1. p. 3. 5. Breyn. pr. 1. Arbor Indica Fraxino fimilis, Olea fructu CB. 416. 5. Nimbo A. p. 3.5. costa 281. Garz. 226. Clus. Exot. 226. cap. 2. & p. 282. c. 39. C B. 416. 4. Park. 1651. c. 133. Fig. opt. Lugd. 1867. c. 103. Fig. Durant 310. Acoft. 281. Fig. Fragos. 37. c. 7. Nimbo folio & fructu Olea IB. 1 6. c. 8. p. cine mos. 26. 27. Fig. 18. prodr. p. 19. 15. Chabr. 49. Fig. 3. Olea Malabarica 2. 5 281. 39.

rica Nimbo dicta fructu racemosa oblongo Raii H. Pl. 1545. 4. Aria Be pou Malab. Nimbou Bram. Amargoseira Lustr. Gal. best Lugd. 1367. fen Belg. H. Malab. V. 4. Tab. 52. p. 107. Flor. Malab. p. 10.6. This is Nimbo, but there is another wild fort call'd Malle-Wain-Frago, c. 7.

Fraxineo folio Maderaspatan Pluk. Tav. 247. Fig. 1. Olea Malaba-Park. 1631.

boo S. B. N. 26. this is a large Tree, about 35, and formetimes 40? 37.

toot IB. 1. 6. c. 8. Lllill 2'

18' pr. 19 15, foot high, and about a foot and \(\frac{1}{2}\) diameter; the Oyl of the Seeds p 27, Fig. Chabr. 49. Fig. 3. Pluk. Tab. 247. f. I. Ray H. Pl. 1545. 4. H. Mal. V. 4. T. 52. P. 107. 5.

5. B. 26.

cures a Distemper very incident to lying in Women, here by the Natives called Janney, which proceeds from taking cold, as they fay, and is very dangerous; a Decoction of the Bark drank cures Frenzy and Madness: The Powder or Decoction of the Root of this Tree, when 50 years old, or at its full growth, cures the Leprofy. The tender Sprigs, which here they call Ecla's (and is a common name for other straight Straw-like things of which they El Mal. p. 40. make Brooms) stript of its Leaves cures Infants almost choak'd with Phlegm, they also strengthen the Stomach, stop Vomiting, correct Choler, and keep the Body laxative; the Fuice of the Leaves cures Worms in young or old; to correct its great Bitterness it may be mixt with Sugar: The Natives put 2 or 3 drops of the aforefaid Oyl up the Nofe, which causes very much Slime and Filth to be voided, and cures old pains of the Head and Astma: The Leaves ground with a little Turmerick and Salt cures all forts of Ulcers, Aches, Strains or Bruises: The Bark, ground with the Tuice of its own Leaves and a little Lime-juice, intallibly cures all forts of Itch or Ring worms, by anointing outwardly, and taking fome of the Root and Bark inwardly: This Tree is good for many other things, and is indeed held by the Natives for a general Pa-

> Of this the Natives in all count 4 forts. I. This which they Cultivate in Gardens, and is a large Tree. 2. Mallee-wamboo, which is a lesser wild kind, as aforesaid. S. B. 26. 3. Carreampelle, which is less than either of the 2 former, Leav'd like them. only these are not jagged on the edges. 4. Nalee Weambo, which is very little, not above 2 ½ foot high, but is the bitterest of all; this is of great use with the Natives, and is Cordial, comforts the Stomach, stops Vomitings, Looseness, &c. this has a bitter smell, and I doubt it may at least be a species of the Calamus Aromaticus Syriacus, of which more, with the bitter Reeds, mark'd N. 6this refembles the former in nothing but its Bitterness, for which

S. B. 179.

nacea.

only the Natives count it a species of it. Note, that the many alterations which the Malabars have for

the names of Plants, is apt to make confusion; which, the I avoid with all possible care, yet at N. 26. this Waapa-Maraum is there styl'd Nella Wampulle; and this is, I believe, the chief error I

bave made of this kind. S. B.

N. B.